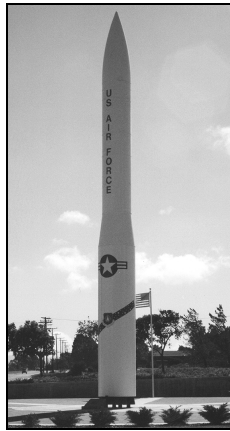


MINUTEMAN III GUIDANCE AND PROPULSION REPLACEMENT PROGRAMS



The Minuteman III ICBM consists of three solid propellant stages (including rocket motors, inter-stage hardware and ordnance), the liquid Propulsion System Rocket Engine, and the guidance set that can deliver up to three reentry vehicles. Five hundred Minuteman III ICBMs are currently deployed in hardened launch facilities at three operational bases.

The Guidance Replacement Program (GRP) is a set of hardware and software modifications designed to extend the service life of the Minuteman III while preserving its current capabilities. This program is needed to prevent a projected decline in reliability due to aging electronic components and unavailable replacement parts. GRP replaces the guidance computer, signal converters, and power distribution components while retaining the current Minuteman III inertial measurement unit. GRP is required to preserve current accuracy and reliability while enhancing supportability.

The Propulsion Replacement Program (PRP) will extend the life of the Minuteman III operational force by replacing the solid propellant propulsion subsystems. Due to observed failure modes (age-related degradations) and the rocket motors' approaching service life, the solid stages now in the force are projected to begin to deteriorate in 2002. PRP will remanufacture the solid rocket motors and inter-stage hardware and ordnance using new materials and processes that were qualified to replace unavailable or environmentally prohibited materials. In addition to hardware, PRP modifies two Minuteman III software elements, the Minuteman Operational Targeting Program and the Flight Program Constants Tape. These software modifications require use of the GRP-modified guidance system.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

DOT&E conducted an independent assessment of the GRP program from 1996 through 1999, culminating in submission of a report to Congress in December 1999 in fulfillment of the provisions of Title 10, U.S. Code, Section 2399. DOT&E determined that the GRP upgrades were operationally effective and suitable, although there had been insufficient numbers of flight tests (two) to confirm the accuracy and reliability assessments. The Air Force proceeded to full-rate production of the modified guidance systems in December 1999.

After two GRP flight tests and two PRP flight tests, the accuracy evaluation was still subject to considerable uncertainty. DOT&E required three additional flight tests to give the evaluation higher confidence in the demonstrated performance results. DOT&E agreed to accept data from already scheduled Minuteman III Force Development Evaluation (FDE) program flight tests as long as the missiles were configured with the GRP modified guidance system. After seven flight tests with the modified guidance system, the Air Force acknowledged a potential problem and conducted a supplemental accuracy investigation that identified several probable error contributors in the guidance system software. The Air Force is reviewing appropriate corrective actions and timing for implementation.

TEST & EVALUATION ACTIVITY

Although the PRP IOT&E was completed in FY00, three additional flight tests conducted under the FDE program provided supplemental accuracy data for analysis in FY01. DOT&E completed its independent assessment of the PRP program, culminating in submission of a report to Congress in September 2001 in fulfillment of the provisions of Title 10, U.S. Code, Section 2399. The Air Force approved full-rate production in September 2001. All programmed operational test activities have been completed for GRP and PRP. Both programs are currently in full-rate production.

TEST & EVALUATION ASSESSMENT

DOT&E found both GRP and PRP to be operationally effective and suitable even though accuracy performance, which is primarily attributed to the guidance system modified by GRP, did not meet the operational requirement. DOT&E determined that the shortfall in accuracy is offset by the overall improvement in weapon system reliability, which makes the Minuteman III weapon system more operationally effective than Minuteman III with the current guidance and propulsion systems.